

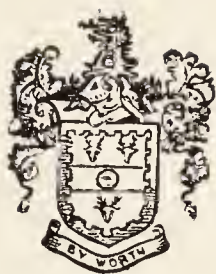


Borough of Keighley

Annual Report

**on the work of the
Health Services**

1947



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BOROUGH OF KEIGHLEY

Health Committee.

The Worshipful the Mayor (ex-officio)
Councillor A. W. TACK, J.P.

Chairman : Alderman E. WHALLEY, J.P.

Vice-Chairman : Councillor J. PARKER

Alderman M. CARROLL.

Alderman W. SMITH, J.P.

Alderman J. W. WARDLE.

Councillor J. PROCTER.

Councillor G. D. RILEY.

Councillor A. W. SMITH.

Councillor Mrs. F. H. SMITH.

Maternity and Child Welfare Committee.

The Worshipful the Mayor (ex-officio):
Councillor A. W. TACK, J.P.

Chairman: Councillor Mrs. F. H. SMITH.

Vice-Chairman : Alderman J. W. WARDLE.

Members of the Health Committee, together with four Co-opted
Members

LADY HAGGAS, J.P.	}	Co-opted Members.
Mrs. H. S. CLOUGH		
Mrs. J. GROVES		
Mrs. E. WHALLEY		

Staff.

Medical Officer of Health and School Medical Officer :
 H. MAINWARING HOLT, Esq., T.D., M.B., B.S. (Lond.),
 M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (Leeds).

Deputy Medical Officer of Health and Assistant Medical Officer for
 Maternity and Child Welfare :

Mrs. FLORENCE MURIEL LOUISE HOLT, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Assistant School
 Medical Officer :

Mrs. DOREEN EDITH GLEDHILL, M.B., Ch.B.
 (Appointed 15/4/47).

Ante and Post Natal Consultant :

Mrs. R. H. B. ADAMSON, M.D., B.S., F.R.C.O.G.

Chief Sanitary Inspector :

Mr. THOMAS LINDSAY, M.S.I.A.†‡§¶

Director of Cleansing :

Mr. C. ROBINSON, M.Inst.P.C.

District Sanitary Inspectors :

Mr. BAILEY THORNTON, M.S.I.A.*†

Mr. WILLIAM ASA BAILEY, M.S.I.A.*†

Mr. BERT CLEAR, M.S.I.A., M.R.San.I.*†§ +

Mr. ARTHUR HOWARD, M.S.I.A., M.R.San.I., A.I.S.E. †‡§ +
 (Resigned 31/1/47).

Mr. WALTER MITCHELL, M.S.I.A., M.R.San.I.†‡
 (Resigned 28/2/47).

Mr. ALLAN CROWTHER, M.S.I.A., M.R.San.I.†
 (Appointed 17/4/47).

Mr. TREVOR TERENCE REES, M.S.I.A., M.R.San.I.†
 (Appointed 13/10/47).

Health Visitors :

Miss D. S. McCONVILLE.

Miss M. SHIPLEY (Part-time).

Miss I. FELL (Part-time; Resigned 1/2/47).

Miss C. JONES.

Miss H. A. S. JOHNSTONE (Part-time).

Mrs. D. J. TAYLOR (Part-time; Resigned 30/8/47).

Mrs. R. E. WILCOCK (Resigned 28/2/47).

Mrs. E. T. WRIGLEY (Part-time; Appointed 29/9/47).

Scabies Nurse :

Mrs. H. ROE (Part-time).

Chief Clerk :

Miss O. ALLBESON.

Clerks :

Mr. ALLAN CROWTHER (To 16/4/47).
 Miss F. MURIEL LEIGHTON.
 Miss BETTIE GORDON.
 Miss MURIEL McDOWELL.
 Miss JEAN E. DAVY.
 Miss M. C. RHODES.
 Miss MARGARET J. TEBB.
 Miss DOROTHY RICHARDSON (Temporary; Appointed 1/1/47;
 (Resigned 6/9/47)).
 Miss BARBARA LONGBOTTOM (Temporary; Appointed 22/9/47).
 Mr. G. W. KAY (Appointed 16/6/47).
 Mr. J. R. SUNDERLAND (Cleansing Department).

*Certificate of the R.San.I. for Sanitary Inspectors.

†Certificate of the R.San.I. and Sanitary Inspectors' Examination Joint Board.

‡Certificate of the R.San.I. for Meat and Other Foods Inspection.

§Certificate of the R.San.I. for Smoke Inspectors.

¶Certificates of Liverpool University for Sanitary Science and Fuel Economy.

+ Certificate of City and Guilds London Institute for Boiler House Practice.

Staff at "Woodbine" Day Nursery.

Matron :

Miss H. EMPEY.

Sister :

Miss J. M. CLARKSON.

Staff Nurse :

Miss A. E. FOULDS.

Four Nursery Assistants and Two Probationers.

Cook. Housemaid. Handyman.

Staff at Victoria Park Day Nursery.

Matron :

Mrs. K. WATERHOUSE (Resigned 31/3/47).

Miss A. M. KELLETT (Appointed 1/4/47).

Deputy Matron :

Miss A. M. KELLETT (To 31/3/47).

Miss E. ROBINSON (Appointed 12/5/47).

Five Nursery Assistants and One Probationer. Cook. Caretaker.

Staff at Strong Close Day Nursery.

Matron :

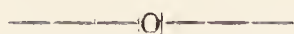
Mrs. M. T. TONER.

Deputy Matron :

Miss M. SENIOR.

Four Nursery Assistants and Two Probationers. Cook. Caretaker.

BOROUGH OF KEIGHLEY



To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors,

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit my nineteenth Annual Report on the work of the Health Services of the Borough for the year 1947.

The birth rate has risen to 21.2 per thousand of the population, whilst the infant mortality rate has fallen to 39, a record low level.

The incidence of infectious disease, from which the area was remarkably free during the previous year, aroused interest during the year under review. Measles, though prevalent, did not reach epidemic proportion. Poliomyelitis, a rare visitor, provided eight cases, and in view of the prevalence of this condition throughout the country, this figure need not be regarded as remarkable. A smallpox contact reached the shelter of a Common Lodging House, but was promptly and effectively dealt with. Only ten cases of diphtheria were notified during the year, the lowest number recorded; thus is confirmed the effectiveness of the diphtheria immunisation campaign. These figures reflect very clearly the saving of life, the effective protection against disease which a well-organised Public Health Service can provide.

Housing, atmospheric pollution and water supplies remain major problems with which to contend. It is useless reiterating the economic difficulties with which these matters are inextricably associated, and progress is bound to be slow for some time; nevertheless, it is gratifying to note the spectacular success with which other branches of sanitation have been met. Many localities hitherto rat infested have been cleared and remain clear under maintenance treatment, and the day may not be far distant when complete extermination becomes a reality. The importance of a clean milk supply has become thoroughly realised, and it is a tribute to the work of Sanitarians and Local Authorities alike that so many producers have accepted the higher standards set under the Milk Special Designations Order. The vigilance of the Department is constantly directed towards the distribution of food and over 8½ tons of foodstuffs, other than unsound meat slaughtered, was condemned.

The Maternity and Child Welfare Department provided an excellent service during the year in spite of difficulties in the recruitment of Health Visitors and Home Helps. Hospital accommodation for confinements also provided a problem which was met by the generosity of the West Riding County Council. The three Day Nurseries operated to capacity throughout the year; there is always a waiting list, and the problem of nursery provision so intimately connected with the production drive remains to be solved. This is the last reference I shall be able to make in an Annual Report concerning the Maternity and Child Welfare Services in view of their transference to the West Riding County Council next year under the National Health Service Act.

In spite of the difficult times, good sound work has been done throughout the year, and for this credit is due to the loyal and generous support of a hard-working staff, encouraged by the sympathy and support of interested members of the Local Authority.

I have the honour to be, Sirs,


Your obedient servant,

H. M. HOLT,
Medical Officer of Health.

Public Health Department,
Lowfield House,
Town Hall Square,
Keighley.

Causes of and ages at death of Infants dying under 1 year of age during 1947 (Residents only).

Cause of Death.	Under 1 week.	1—2 weeks.	2—3 weeks.	3—4 weeks.	Total under 4 weeks.	1—3 months.	3—6 months.	6—9 months.	9—12 months.	Total under 1 year.
Small Pox										
Measles										
Whooping Cough										
Scarlet Fever										
Diphtheria										
Erysipelas										
Meningococcal Meningitis										
Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis										
Convulsions										
Bronchitis										
Pneumonia (all forms)		1			1	2	4	1		2
Diarrhoea and Enteritis		1	1		2		2	1		2
Congenital Syphilis										
Suffocation										
Injury at Birth	4				4					4
Congenital Malformation, etc.	9	3			12	3				15
Premature Birth	6	2			11					11
Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus										
Other Causes	1				1		1			1
Total	23	7	1		31	5	7	2		45



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BOROUGH OF KEIGHLEY

A.—NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

The population, according to the Registrar's Estimate for 1947, is 55,520.

The estimated number of inhabited houses is 18,598. The rateable value is £376,120, and the sum represented by a Penny Rate gross, £1,455.

PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES.

The average number of persons registered as unemployed during the year was 56, and in Haworth 6, as compared with 100 and 12 respectively for the year 1946.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Births. The total number of births registered was 1,204, 26 of these being still-births. The Live Birth Rate is 21.22, and the Still Birth Rate is 0.47.

Deaths. The Deaths registered for the year are 803. The Death Rate is 14.46.

STREET ACCIDENTS.

There were 4 fatal road accidents during the year.

INFANT MORTALITY.

The number of infants dying under one year of age is 46. The Infant Mortality Rate is 39.05 per 1,000 live births.

MATERNAL MORTALITY.

The number of women dying directly as a result of child-birth is 3. The Maternal Mortality Rate is 2.49 per 1,000 total (live and still) births.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

The natural increase or decrease per 1,000 of the population is plus 6.76.

Poor Relief administered amounted to £10,354 5s. 8d.

REGISTRAR GENERAL'S RETURN OF CAUSES OF DEATH DURING 1947 (Residents only).

Diseases.	Male	Female
1. Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers	—	—
2. Cerebro-Spinal Fever	1	—
3. Scarlet Fever	—	—
4. Whooping Cough	1	—
5. Diphtheria	1	—
6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	14	11
7. Other forms of Tuberculosis	5	1
8. Syphilitic Diseases	3	—
9. Influenza	1	3
10. Measles	—	1
11. Acute Polio-myelitis and Polio-encephalitis	1	1
12. Acute Infectious Encephalitis	—	—
13. Cancer of Buccal Cavity and Oesophagus (males) ... Uterus (females) ...	4 —	— 5
14. Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum	14	12
15. Cancer of Breast	—	8
16. Cancer of all other sites	32	30
17. Diabetes	3	4
18. Intra-cranial Vascular Lesions	52	52
19. Heart Diseases	154	127
20. Other Diseases of Circulatory System	7	5
21. Bronchitis	39	17
22. Pneumonia	15	10
23. Other Respiratory Diseases	2	2
24. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	5	2
25. Diarrhoea under 2 years	4	1
26. Appendicitis	1	—
27. Other Digestive Diseases	5	6
28. Nephritis	13	10
29. Puerperal and Post-Abortive Sepsis	—	—
30. Other Maternal Causes	—	3
31. Premature Births	6	5
32. Congenital Malformations, Birth Injuries, Infant Diseases	13	8
33. Suicide	2	5
34. Road Traffic Accidents	4	—
35. Other Violent Causes	6	2
36. All Other Causes	30	34
All Causes	438	365

CAUSES OF AND AGES AT DEATH OF RESIDENTS OCCURRING WITHIN OR WITHOUT THE BOROUGH DURING 1947.
(Compiled from Local Returns).

Diseases.	No. of Deaths	Under 1 year	1 and under 2 years	2 and under 5 years	5 and under 15 years	15 and under 25 years	25 and under 45 years	45 and under 65 years	65 and upwards	Central	East	North-East	North-West	South	West	Haworth	Oakworth	Oxenhope	Morton	Deaths in Institutions
1. Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers	1				1											1				
2. Cerebro-Spinal Fever	1																			1
3. Scarlet Fever	1		1																	1
4. Whooping Cough	1				1															1
5. Diphtheria	1																			1
6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	24					2	12	8	2	1	2	2	2	2	7	1	1			6
7. Other Forms of Tuberculosis	8			1	1	3	1	1	1	1					1		1		1	4
8. Syphilitic Disease	2						1		1	1										2
9. Influenza	2								2				2							
10. Measles	1				1									1						
11. Acute Poliomyelitis and Polioencephalitis	2				1		1												1	1
12. Acute Infectious Encephalitis																				
13. Cancer of Buccal Cav. and Oesoph. (M.), Uterus (F.) ...	3							2	1								1		1	1
14. Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum	24						1	7	16	2	1	4	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	6
15. Cancer of Breast	5						1	4					1						1	3
16. Cancer all other sites	70						4	30	36	3	6	6	7	7	4	7	1	5	4	20
17. Diabetes	8						1		3	1			1	1	1	2				2
18. Intra-Cranial Vascular Lesions	103							29	74	6	8	7	13	10	6	7	7	2	12	25
19. Heart Disease	275					4	10	56	205	4	14	25	29	29	24	26	7	23	21	73
20. Diseases of Circulatory System	19							4	15				1	1	1	4	2	2	2	6
21. Bronchitis	56		2				4	17	33	2	7	5	10	2	3	2	6	3	7	9
22. Pneumonia	25	8	1	1			3	6	6		4	2	3	4	1	1	1		3	6
23. Other Respiratory Diseases	4			1				1	2				1	1					1	1
24. Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum	6							2	4				2		1			1	1	2
25. Diarrhoea	5	5									1									4
26. Appendicitis	1							1												1
27. Other Digestive Diseases	15						1	7	7	1	2	2	2	1		1				6
28. Nephritis	23						3	6	14			1	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	9
29. Puerperal and Post-Abortive Sepsis																				
30. Maternal Causes	3					1	2									1				2
31. Premature Births	11	11											1				1			9
32. Cong. Mal., Birth Injuries, Inf. Dis.	21	19					2			1	1		2							17
33. Suicide	7					1	1	3	2		2			1		1	1		2	
34. Road Traffic Accidents	4				2				2											4
35. Other Violent Causes	8	1			1	1		1	4				1	1	1					5
36. All other causes	64	1			1	2	4	15	41		3	8	7	6	2	3	3	3	2	27
Totals	802	45	4	3	9	14	52	204	471	22	51	62	89	72	57	59	34	42	61	253

CAUSES OF AND AGES AT DEATH OF NON-RESIDENTS OCCURRING WITHIN THE BOROUGH DURING 1947.
(Compiled from Local Returns).

Diseases.	No. of Deaths	Under 1 year	1 and under 2 years	2 and under 5 years	5 and under 15 years	15 and under 25 years	25 and under 45 years	45 and under 65 years	65 and upwards	Central	East	North-East	North-West	South	West	Haworth	Oakworth	Oxenhope	Morton	Deaths in Institutions
1. Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers																				
2. Cerebro-Spinal Fever	1					1														1
3. Scarlet Fever																				
4. Whooping Cough																				
5. Diphtheria																				
6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	1						1													1
7. Other Forms of Tuberculosis	2			1	1															2
8. Syphilitic Disease	1							1												1
9. Influenza																				
10. Measles																				
11. Acute Poliomyelitis and Polioencephalitis	1							1												1
12. Acute Infectious Encephalitis																				
13. Cancer of Buccal Cav. and Oesoph. (M.), Uterus (F.) ...	3							1	2											3
14. Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum																				
15. Cancer of Breast	1							1									1			
16. Cancer all other sites	15						1	2	12										1	14
17. Diabetes	3						1		2		1									2
18. Intra-Cranial Vascular Lesions	24							6	18											24
19. Heart Disease	92							9	83											92
20. Diseases of Circulatory System	2							1	1						1					1
21. Bronchitis	10							5	5											10
22. Pneumonia	6	1						1	4											6
23. Other Respiratory Diseases																				
24. Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum																				
25. Diarrhoea																				
26. Appendicitis																				
27. Other Digestive Diseases																				
28. Nephritis																				
29. Puerperal and Post-Abortive Sepsis	3					1			2											3
30. Maternal Causes	2																			2
31. Premature Births	2	2					2													2
32. Cong. Mal., Birth Injuries, Inf. Dis.	4	4																		4
33. Suicide	2							1	1											2
34. Road Traffic Accidents																				
35. Other Violent Causes	2							2					1							1
36. All other causes	16							4	12											16
Totals	193	7		1	1	2	5	35	142		1		1		1		1		1	188

B.—GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES WITHIN THE BOROUGH

1.—HOSPITALS PROVIDED.

The Hospital Services remain the same.

Fever Hospitals.—The following cases were admitted to the Keighley, Bingley and Shipley Joint Hospital at Morton Banks.

Scarlet Fever	....	....	....	....	51
Diphtheria	....	....	....	....	10
Pneumonia	....	....	....	....	2
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	....	....	....	....	1
Erysipelas	....	....	....	....	2
Measles	....	....	....	....	1
Whooping Cough	....	....	....	....	1
Ophthalmia Neonatorum			....	....	1
Acute Poliomyelitis	....	....	....	....	7
Total					76

In addition, 2 cases of Whooping Cough were admitted to Halifax Infectious Disease Hospital.

Smallpox Hospitals.—Accommodation is the same.

Tuberculosis Sanatoria.—Facilities remain the same.

Maternity Hospitals.—The number of confinements in the County Hospital was 284; Staincliffe County Hospital, Dewsbury, 14, and Wakefield County General Hospital, 1.

Children's Hospitals.—Facilities are the same.

2.—AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

The Ambulance Service was taken over by the County on the 1st September, 1947. Prior to this date the ambulance was called out on 83 occasions for use in accidents.

3.—CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES.

School Clinics.—See Annual Report of School Medical Officer.

Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics.—Six Clinics have continued during the year.

Orthopædic Clinic, Ophthalmic Clinic and Ultra Violet Clinic.—See Annual Report for 1938.

Dental Clinic.—No important change has been made in the services available.

Scabies Clinic.—Special facilities are in operation for the treatment of Scabies; during the year 81 cases were treated. Owing to the reduced number of cases coming to the notice of the Department, the services of the scabies Nurse have been retained on a sessional basis only.

Details of Dental Treatment of Maternity and
Child Welfare Patients.

Attendances	....	....	....	....	....	....	106
Patients	....	....	....	....	....	....	38

Dental Treatment of Toddlers.

Attendances	....	....	....	....	....	....	18
Patients	....	....	....	....	....	....	15

Tuberculosis and Venereal Diseases Clinic.—See Annual Report of the County Medical Officer.

Home Helps.—It has not been possible to maintain a panel of Home or Domestic Helps during the past year owing to difficulty in recruiting women of a type suitable for the work.

Ante and Post-Natal Consultant.—No cases attended the consultant in Leeds during 1947.

Mothercraft Classes.—Mothercraft Classes were again held at the Keighley Girls' Grammar School, and 33 girls were attending at the end of the year.

4 and 5.—PROFESSIONAL NURSING AND MIDWIVES.

Details of these services are the same.

6.—INSTITUTIONAL MIDWIFERY.

The accommodation available at St. John's County Hospital has been much reduced owing to the shortage of nursing staff.

For cases where institutional midwifery was essential, additional accommodation has been secured at Staincliffe County Hospital near Dewsbury.

7.—LABORATORY WORK.

Laboratory work for this area is performed by the County Public Health Laboratory, but owing to the re-organisation which has taken place at the laboratory during the year detailed figures are not available.

8.—PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE LOCAL AUTHORITY.

See front page.

9.—SCHOOLS.

See separate report on School Medical Services.

C.—PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

1.—NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

162 visits of investigation were paid and 76 for the purpose of disinfection.

No cases of Smallpox were notified, but a contact of Smallpox was discovered staying at the Common Lodging House, and he was accommodated at the Smallpox Hospital during a quarantine period of twelve days, but developed no signs of disease.

(a) **Measles.**—The number of cases notified was 662. One death was registered.

(b) **Whooping Cough.**—The number of cases notified was 105. There was one death.

(c) **Scarlet Fever.**—The number of cases notified was 58. No deaths were registered. 87.93% of the notified cases were removed to hospital.

(d) **Diphtheria.**—The number of cases notified was 10, all of which were removed to Hospital. One death from this disease was registered.

(e) **Cerebro-Spinal Fever.**—2 cases were notified, 1 of which was removed to Hospital. 1 death occurred.

(f) **Poliomyelitis.**—The number of cases notified was 8, 7 of which were removed to Hospital. 2 deaths occurred.

(g) **Ophthalmia Neonatorum.**—Four cases were brought to the notice of the Department, 1 of which was removed to Hospital.

(h) **Puerperal Pyrexia.**—6 cases were notified. There were no deaths.

(i) **Acute Primary or Influenzal Pneumonia.** 26 cases were notified, 2 of which were removed to hospital. 1 death was registered.

(j) **Influenza.**—There were 4 deaths certified from this disease.

(k) **Erysipelas.**—The number of cases notified was 2, both were removed to hospital.

(l) **Dysentery.**—The number of cases notified was 2. No deaths occurred.

(m) **Malaria (contracted abroad).**—No cases were notified.

(n) **Tuberculosis.**—49 cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis were notified, Non-Pulmonary cases notified being 14. 24 Pulmonary and 8 Non-Pulmonary deaths were registered.

2.—CANCER—MALIGNANT DISEASE.

The number of deaths registered was 102. The number of cancer patients admitted from Keighley Victoria Hospital to the Radium Therapy Department of the Bradford Royal Infirmary totalled 56, and the total number of days' stay amounted to 1,013. Similar arrangements exist for treatment as shown previously.

D.—MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

1.—ADMINISTRATION.

The six Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics have operated without interruption during the year, and evidence of their continuing popularity is given in the attendance records included later on in this report.

Notification of Births.

Number occurring during the year, 1,204. Of these, 56 were illegitimate and 26 were still-births. 613 of these occurred in maternity homes or institutions.

2.—SUMMARY OF VISITS PAID BY HEALTH VISITORS.

The total number of visits was 8,827.

Welfare Centres.

The days and times of clinic sessions continued unchanged.
Total number on registers at end of year:—

Babies	....	....	....	....	1,802
Ante-Natal	....	....	....	....	1,011
Post-Natal	....	....	....	....	8
Toddlers	....	....	....	....	130

The following summary shows the work done:—

		Baby Attendances.	Baby Weigh'gs.	A.N. Mothers.	P.N. Mothers.	Toddlers.
Victoria Park	....	4351	4262	1076	6	178
Westgate	(Th.)	3289	3091			
	(Fri.)	2861	2827	1929	2	82
Haworth	....	1970	1960	433	5	—
Morton	....	902	896	—	—	—
Oakworth	....	575	568	130	3	—
Oxenhope	....	650	649	116	2	—

The number of infant consultations held by the medical officer in charge of the various centres was 7,069. The total number of Toddlers on the registers has decreased slightly when compared with last year, due to more mothers working and thus being unable to attend Clinics.

39 children were treated by artificial sunlight. Minor ailments treated were 38, and orthopædic cases treated were 16.

The number of mothers referred from the Ante-Natal Clinics for dental treatment was 38. The number of cases referred from Toddlers' Clinics for dental treatment was 15.

The Postural Clinic continues on similar lines. Details of Maternity and Child Welfare cases examined by the Visiting Orthopædic Surgeon are given below.

Defect	Number of Patients	Attendances	For Hospital	For Appliances	For Shoe Adjustments	For Remedial Exercises	For Observation	Discharged
Old Cases:—								
Congenital dislocation of hip ...	3	7	—	1	—	2	1	—
Congenital Short Neck	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—
Talipes Equino Valgus	2	4	—	—	1	2	—	—
Spastic Left Leg	1	2	—	—	1	—	1	—
Tubercular Spine	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Spina Bifida	1	2	—	—	1	1	—	—
Total	9	17	1	1	3	5	3	—
New Cases:—								
Dupuytren's Contracture	1	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Congenital Stiff Finger	1	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Spasm	1	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Erb's Tibia	1	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Hemiplegia	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Flat Foot	2	2	—	—	2	2	—	—
Total	7	11	—	—	2	7	—	—

Infant Life Protection.

2 cases came to notice during the year. 2 cases were already under supervision from the previous year. 12 visits were made.

Adoption of Children (Regulation) Act, 1939.

- (a) Total number of persons who gave notice under Section 7(3) during the year 8
- (b) Total number of children in respect of whom notice was given under Section 7(3) during the year 5
- (c) Number of children:—
- (i) Under supervision at the end of the year 59
 - (ii) Who died during the year —
 - (iii) On whom inquests were held during the year —
- (d) Particulars of any proceedings taken during the year —

3.—MILK DISTRIBUTION.

The cost of dried milk distribution through the Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics was £1,681, the whole of this being recovered free of rate aid.

4.—WAR-TIME NURSERIES.

			No. of days Nursery open during year.	Average daily attendances	
				0—2 years	2—5 years
“Woodbine”	....	....	239	14	19½
Victoria Park	....	....	245	9	22
Strong Close	....	....	235	9	22

5.—KEIGHLEY INFANTS’ AID SOCIETY.

This Society still continues to readily co-operate with the Maternity and Child Welfare Committee, even though working under considerable handicaps.

E.—SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF
THE AREA

WATER.

The Borough Waterworks Undertaking is described in the Annual Report for 1938.

The Water Engineer has kindly supplied the following information:—

Average daily consumption of water per head of population within the Borough for the year 1947 for all purposes:—
38.97 gallons per day; for domestic and unmeasured purposes 28.93 gallons per day.

During the year 175 samples of water were sent for bacteriological examination. Of 100 filtered samples 93% were satisfactory, and of 75 unfiltered samples 36% were satisfactory, 33½% were doubtful and 30½% were unsatisfactory.

The following mains have been laid during the year:—

Stanbury.

6in. 375 yards

Pickles Hill.

4in. 189 yards

Bracken Bank.

9in. 141 yards

4in. 1,829 yards

Station Road, Oakworth.

3in. 146 yards

It is interesting to note that the village of Stanbury was supplied with filtered water from Oldfield for the first time last June, and the previous spring supply was cut off.

Close co-operation between the two Departments continues in the matter of water supplies.

Plumbo Solvency Samples.

Supply.	Date Sample Collected.	Approx. length of lead service pipe.	Result of Examination pH Lead Content value. (grains per gall)	
Keighley M.B.				
Watersheddles.				
After standing in pipe for a measured period of half-an-hour	15.4.47	25ft.	6.7	Nil.
After standing in pipe all night	15.4.47	25ft.	6.7	Nil.
Sladen Valley via Bracken Storage Reservoir.				
After standing in pipe for a measured period of half-an-hour	16.4.47	35ft.	6.8	Nil.
After standing in pipe all night	16.4.47	35ft.	6.8	Nil.

There are still numerous private water supplies, particularly in connection with farm premises, which have been frequently sampled in the past. Users are advised as to necessary precautions where the index of pollution indicated this as desirable. Such premises are outside the present economic possibility of having a suitable alternative wholesome supply laid on from the town's mains.

During the year 8 such samples were taken, 4 of which were found to be satisfactory and 4 unsatisfactory.

Extension of town's supply to outlying districts such as News-holme, Spring Wells, Holme House, Green Top, Goose Eye, Outer Stanbury, Upper Marsh and Leeming, Oxenhope, where comparatively small groups of dwellings are served by private supplies, still stands deferred. From the viewpoint of the water undertakings the laying of mains to these localities is uneconomic and would require

RAINFALL.

The total amount of rainfall recorded during 1947 is 36.04 ins.
The rainfall gauge is situated in a field at the rear of the Public
Abattoir, and the following table shows the readings taken during
the year.

Date	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May	June	July	Aug	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1	in. .13	in.	in.	in. .02	in. .08	in. —	in. TR	in. —	in. —	in. —	in. —	in. —
2	.03	NO READINGS POSSIBLE OWING TO SNOW										
3	—											
4	.13											
5	—											
6	—	NO READINGS POSSIBLE OWING TO SNOW										
7	—											
8	.89											
9	.13											
10	.07	NO READINGS POSSIBLE OWING TO SNOW										
11	.72											
12	.45											
13	.08											
14	.26	NO READINGS POSSIBLE OWING TO SNOW										
15	.28											
16	.20											
17	.07											
18	—	NO READINGS POSSIBLE OWING TO SNOW										
19	—											
20	—											
21	—											
22	—	NO READINGS POSSIBLE OWING TO SNOW										
23	—											
24	.05											
25	.15											
26	—	NO READINGS POSSIBLE OWING TO SNOW										
27	—											
28	—											
29	—											
30	—	NO READINGS POSSIBLE OWING TO SNOW										
31	—											
Total	3.64	*2.50	*5.16	5.11	3.24	2.99	1.82	0.27	2.24	1.10	4.47	3.50

* Computed figure furnished by Meteorological Office of the Air Ministry,
owing to inability to take readings during snow.

a subsidy of approximately £60,000 over a period of twelve years. Ministry grants under the Public Health (Water Supplies and Sewerage) Act fixed at £15,000,000 for the whole country would not be applied in these cases unless the Ministry's present attitude is radically amended.

RIVERS AND STREAMS.

There has been no evidence of river or stream pollution brought to the attention of the Department during the year.

SWIMMING BATHS.

There are no privately owned swimming pools in the district, but the Corporation own two swimming baths of the first and second class type, which are described in the 1938 Report.

DRAINAGE, SEWERAGE, AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

The five sewage disposal works are fully described in the Annual Report for 1938.

3,131 yards of new sewers have been laid during the year.

SANITARY CONVENIENCES AND REFUSE ACCOMMODATION.

No. of Water Closets in premises, including houses	18,723
No. of Waste Water Closets do. do.	2,108
*No. of Pail or Tub Closets do. do.	57
No. of Privies (at farms where no sewer and/or water supply is reasonably available) 	195

* Not including Air-Raid Shelters.

156 inspections were made regarding sanitary and refuse accommodation, in connection with which the following improvements were effected:—

2 privies converted to Water Closets.

1 privy otherwise reconstructed.

34 closets, other than privies, reconstructed as Water Closets.

2 additional Water Closets and 1 other type provided.

94 Water Closets repaired or renewed.

932 premises were provided with regulation dust-bins in lieu of unsatisfactory refuse receptacles.

SUMMARY OF SANITARY INSECTIONS.

Total number of premises dealt with	....	....	4,442
Total inspections for nuisances—Dwellings	....	....	1,635
Others	....	....	1,208
Total nuisances found	....	....	1,184
Number abated	....	....	943
Inspections and re-visits for other Statutory Purposes—Inspections	....	....	5,652
Re-visits	....	....	2,778
Number of Sanitary Improvements effected at premises controlled by Public Health and other Legislation	....	....	1,721
Number of interviews	....	....	1,585

NOTICES SERVED AND COMPLIED WITH.

	Notices Served.		Notices Complied with (including matters brought forward from 1946).	
	Informal	Formal	Informal	Formal
Public Health Acts	295	30	296	25
Housing Acts	23	12	7	8
Factories Act	13	—	4	—
Milk and Dairies Order	1	—	2	—
Shops Act	3	—	3	—
Keighley Corporation Acts	1	—	—	—

HOUSING

1.—GENERAL CONDITIONS.

(a) Total Number of Houses in Borough	....	....	18,598
(b) Number of working-class houses included in above	....	....	16,666
(c) Number of new houses built in 1947	....	....	133

2.—OVERCROWDING.

The circumstances described in the 1941 Report have naturally progressed to a more chaotic state and no relief is anticipated from this until the Government authorise Re-housing Schemes which are, of course, under current consideration.

30 recommendations to the Housing Committee were made on the grounds of technical overcrowding following 65 investigations, 5 cases of overcrowding have been relieved.

Since the operation of the 'Act, only 4,646 houses have been supplied with the "permitted number" by the Department.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

There are two in the Borough, solely used by men, and they are well maintained. 8 inspections were made.

As a result of Ministry of Health advice re the danger of Louse-borne Typhus Fever, such premises are inspected to determine from the evidence available the number of inmates who are actually carrying lice on their persons. An examination of the bedding reveals this state of affairs. By arrangement with the Keeper the men are as soon as practicable transported to the Disinfestation Station for appropriate treatment to their bodies, clothing and other effects. No such treatment has been necessary during the year.

Inspection of Factories.

Premises.	Number of		
	Inspections	Written Notices.	Occupiers Prosecuted.
Factories with Mechanical Power	181	—	—
Factories without Mechanical Power	24	—	—
Other Premises under the Act	6	—	—
	211	—	—

Defects found in Factories.

Particulars	Number of Defects			Number of Prosecutions
	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector.	
Want of Cleanliness	—	2	—	—
Inadequate Ventilation ..	2	2	—	—
Sanitary Conveniences—				
Insufficient	3	3	—	—
Unsuitable or Defective ...	1	4	—	—
Not separate for sexes ...	—	—	—	—
Other Offences	11	7	—	—
Total ..	17	18	—	—

SITES FOR MOVEABLE DWELLINGS

9 sites for moveable dwellings were licensed subject to the sanitary conditions being brought up to the standard specified in the licences. The sites accommodate a maximum total of 27 dwellings: of this total 3 dwellings are the subject of individual licences.

OUTWORKERS

Lists were submitted by 8 employers, showing the employment of 24 persons. In each case the premises were visited and found to be satisfactory.

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION

Routine smoke observations have not been resumed owing to rationing of industrial fuel and the use of low-grade fuels which made a practice of successful smoke abatement impossible. Sixteen observations were made, however, during the course of the year, resulting in one caution being issued.

Soot Deposit Gauges. 12 monthly deposits collected in gauges situate at the Public Library, Blackhill and Low Bridge are as follows: 268 tons per square mile, 115 tons per square mile and 202 tons per square mile respectively. Corresponding figure for the gauge at Morton Cemetery is 135 tons, but is for 11 months only,—the bottle being damaged by frost on one occasion.

SUPERVISION OF FOOD PREMISES

311 inspections were made of Food Premises.

The precautions outlined in the 1941 Report are still being brought to the attention of food traders and their personnel generally.

BAKEHOUSES.

There are 87 bakehouses in the district, of which 7 are basement bakehouses licensed under the Factories Act, 1937.

MEAT SUPPLY.

The circumstances are still the same as reported in the 1941 Report re private slaughterhouses and centralised slaughtering.

A 100% system of meat inspection is in force, and for the purpose of this system the Inspectors were on duty at the Public Abattoir on 539 occasions and 12 special visits were paid to farm premises for occasional licensed slaughter of pigs.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

The following proceedings arose out of action taken during the year :—

Acts, Orders or Regulations under which proceedings were taken.	Remarks	Result.	Fines.
Food & Drugs Act, 1938 (Section 3)	Sale of Ice Cream deficient in fat. 1.38% fat.	Case dismissed.	—
do.	Sale of Ice Cream deficient in fat. 1.13% fat.	Case withdrawn.	—
do.	Sale of Ice Cream deficient in fat. 1.54% fat.	Case withdrawn.	—
do.	Sale of Paste of Dates containing excessive amount of sand.	Dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act, 1907, on payment of costs.	Costs £17 17s.
Housing Act, 1936 (Section 3)	Appeal against recovery of cost of repairs.	Appeal withdrawn on payment of costs.	—
Housing Act, 1936 (Section 11).	Appeal against demolition order in respect of three houses.	Appeal dismissed with costs.	—

FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.

The undermentioned samples were submitted to the Public Analyst:—

	Formal.	Informal.
Milk	12	—
Ice Cream	8	27
Bread	—	4
Australian Tinned Egg	—	1
Paste of Dates	1	1
	21	33

Adulterated Samples, etc.

Ref. No.	Article.	Whether Formal or Informal.	Nature of Adulteration or Irregularity.	Observations.
19	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 1.50%.	No action in absence of any legal standard.
20	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 0.98%.	
26	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 0.1%.	
30	Ice Cream	Formal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 1.96%.	
32	Ice Cream	Formal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 1.30%.	
33	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 2.20%.	
35	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 1.30%.	
37	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 1.0%.	
39	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 1.79%.	
40	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 0.07%.	
43	Ice Cream	Formal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 0.63%.	
45	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 0.49%.	
46	Ice Cream	Informal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 2.05%.	
47	Ice Cream	Formal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 1.38%.	
48	Ice Cream	Formal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 1.13%.	
50	Ice Cream	Formal	Deficient in fat. Total fat content only 1.54%.	do.
52	Australian Tinned Egg	Informal	Undergone decomposition	Commodity condemned
53	Paste of Dates	Informal	Excessive sand content. Contained 1.8%, and should not be more than 0.20%.	Case dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act, 1907, on payment of costs.
54	do.	Formal	Excessive sand content. Contained 1.60%, and should not be more than 0.2%.	

Summary of Animals Slaughtered and Inspected at the Public Abattoir.

	Cattle (Exclud- ing Cows)	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep & Lambs.	Pigs.
Animals killed and inspected	1795	732	1074	7086	283
All Diseases except Tuberculosis :					
Whole carcasses condemned ...	2	9	10	17	2
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned ...	560	282	10	1491	43
Percentage of the number in- spected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis ...	31.30	39.75	1.86	21.28	15.90
Tuberculosis Only.					
Whole carcasses condemned ...	9	43	5	—	—
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned ...	233	239	3	—	5
Percentage of the number in- spected affected with Tuber- culosis	13.48	38.52	0.74	—	1.76

Number of Animals Killed and Weight in lbs. of Unsound Meat Surrendered.

	Total Weight of Animals Killed and Inspected	Whole Carcasses.		Part Carcasses.		Offal.		Total.	
		T.B.	Other Causes	T.B	Other Causes	T.B.	Other Causes	T.B.	Other Causes
Cows	39939	20844	4349	613	374	8116	5643	29573	10366
Other Cattle	20777	4734	1130	278	177	6434	8024	11446	9331
Sheep	4078	—	1117	—	33	—	2928	—	4078
Pigs	1202	—	683	—	4	69	446	69	1133
Calves	896	241	536	—	—	15	104	256	640
Totals	66892	25819	7815	891	588	14634	17145	41344	25548

The total weight condemned therefore was 29 tons 17 cwt. 1 qr.

Total Weight of Other Foodstuffs Condemned.

Type of Food Condemned.				Weight.			
				Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	lbs.
Canned Goods	....	....	....	3	6	1	4 $\frac{1}{2}$
Canned Milk	....	....	....		9	2	10 $\frac{1}{4}$
Bottled Goods	....	....	....	1	1	1	27 $\frac{1}{4}$
Sausage Rusks	....	....	....		1	3	—
Essence Powder	....	....	....				9
Flour	....	....	....			1	8
Potatoes	....	....	....	2	1	1	—
Macaroni	....	....	....		1	—	—
Cheese	....	....	....				26
Bacon	....	....	....				25 $\frac{1}{4}$
Butter	....	....	....				1
Fresh Fruit	....	....	....		2	2	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Frozen Eggs	....	....	....		16	3	24
Shell Eggs	....	....	....		1	1	25
Chestnuts	....	....	....				26 $\frac{1}{4}$
Cereals	....	....	....				24
Chocolate	....	....	....				2
Meat	....	....	....		2	2	8
Soya Foods	....	....	....			3	—
Malt Vinegar	....	....	....				5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Fresh Fish	....	....	....		3	2	3
				8	10	2	7 $\frac{1}{2}$

MILK SUPPLY

Production. In the Borough are 274 cowkeepers at 279 milk farms housing approximately 3,691 cows in a total of 419 cowsheds. 49 of these farms are licensed by the West Riding County Council to produce "Accredited" milk and 21 to produce "Tuberculin Tested" milk.

Purveying. There are 242 wholesale traders (117 of these also retailing) and 192 retailing only (the latter including 140 shops registered for the sale of bottled milk). One shopkeeper is licensed to sell "Tuberculin Tested (Certified)" milk, produced and bottled in the Skipton Rural District. One supplementary licence to sell "Tuberculin Tested" Bottled Milk, produced and bottled in the district, was granted to a retail trader during the year. One licence to pasteurise bulk milk was extended for the year, and the holder of this licence retails pasteurised milk at 21 shops in the district.

316 visits to cowsheds and 177 visits to dairy premises were made.

MILK SAMPLING.

(a) To ascertain Cleanliness.

No. obtained and sent to County Laboratory for Examination.	Grade of Milk.	Satisfactory.	Unsatisfactory.
43	Tuberculin Tested	34	9
118	Accredited	82	36
28	Pasteurised	26	2
53	Ordinary	29	24
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total 242		171	71
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		or 70.66%*	or 29.33%†

*Comprises 169 produced in Keighley and 2 elsewhere.

†Comprises 70 produced in Keighley and 1 elsewhere.

(b) For Presence of Tubercle Bacillus.

Of the above samples 23 were examined by the County Laboratory for presence of T.B.; 2 were notified as tuberculous.

REGISTRATION OF PREMISES.

225 premises are registered under Section 14 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, for either the manufacture, storage, or sale of ice cream or the preparation or manufacture of sausage, potted, pressed, pickled or preserved food.

7 transfers of occupiers were made.

The nine unsatisfactory premises mentioned in last year's report have now been either discontinued as food premises or adapted to meet the requirements of Section 14.

4 premises are registered under Section 34 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, for wholesale dealing in margarine and margarine-cheese.

1 shop is registered for the sale and storage of artificial cream under Section 28 of the Act.

OFFENSIVE TRADES

Number in Borough, 13; comprising 5 Tanners and Leather Dressers, 2 Tripe Boilers, 1 Bone Boiler and Fat Refiner, 2 Tripe Boilers and Gut Scrapers, 1 Fat Refiner, and 3 Rag and Bone Dealers. The 58 Fish Friers, whose trade at the moment is not regarded as offensive, are now all registered under the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

Number of inspections made—141.

REPRESSION OF VERMIN.

Rodent Control under Direction of Ministry of Food.

The following tables give the administrative and operative action taken under the above direction.

One whole-time Rat Catcher is employed for this work.

Administrative Work.

(1) No. of visits to groups of premises ....	....	....	....	565
(2) No. of Informal Notices served re alleged infestation or obstruction ....	....	....	....	—
(3) No. of Contracts signed ....	....	....	....	14
(4) No. of Contracts rescinded ....	....	....	....	1
(5) No. of Formal Notices served re Rat Destruction or Rat Proofing ....	....	....	....	—
(6) No. of Formal Notices complied with by Local Authority in default ....	....	....	....	—

Work of Rat Catcher.

(a) Private Premises.

(1) No. of Premises treated	....	....	....	....	61
(2) No. of other Investigations re Rat Infestation	....				151
(3) Weight of Pre-baits	....	....	....	170lbs.	9 ozs.
(4) Weight of Poison Baits (following (3))				55lbs.	4 $\frac{3}{4}$ ozs.
(5) Weight of Post Baits	....	....	....	40lbs.	11 ozs.
(6) Weight of Poison Baits (following (5))				6lbs.	12 ozs.
(7) No. of Rats Destroyed	....	....	....	....	1,215

(b) Corporation Sewers.

Sewers throughout the whole district have been treated for elimination of rats on two separate occasions following the completion of the special scheme inaugurated at the latter end of 1946.

The maintenance treatment in October showed a much higher percentage of takes than hitherto, and accordingly a 10% Test Bait was carried out in December with a view to ascertain the extent of any additional infestations.

The Test Bait revealed that some localities were quite clear, while others were earmarked for further maintenance treatment.

A summary of the work done is as follows:—

(1) No. of Manholes in Areas Treated	....	....	260
(2) No. of these Manholes Baited	....	....	241
(3) No. of Manholes where Pre-bait taken	....	....	91
(4) No. of Manholes where Poison-bait taken	....		86
Estimated No. of Rats Destroyed	....		612

Verminous Houses and Household Effects.

The facilities for disinfestation prior to removal to Corporation houses, as described in the 1938 Report, are still available.

50 inspections were made of 35 alleged verminous premises, following which liquid and gaseous vermicide treatment has been carried out in 1 instance by a private contractor.

In addition to this formal action, other informal action in the form of advice has resulted in numerous other premises being treated by owners and occupiers to repress vermin.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS AND ORDERS.

The Chief Sanitary Inspector is the Council's Inspector under these Acts and senior officers of the Police act as officers of the Local Authority for the purpose of granting licences and other administrative duties. A summary of action taken by all officers, including the Divisional Inspector of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, is as follows:—

Anthrax Order, 1938.

In 1947 there was 1 suspected case, which was not confirmed.

Tuberculosis Order, 1938.

26 Form "A" Notices were served. Of these 22 animals were slaughtered.

Swine Fever Order, 1938.

There were 4 suspected cases, none of which was confirmed by the Ministry.

Sheep Scab Order, 1938.

A confirmed outbreak of Sheep Scab, which was previously reported during 1946, was subsequently cleared up. Action under the Sheep Scab Order, 1938, has resulted in the double dipping of 265 sheep at various premises in the Borough.

Fowl Pest Order, 1936 and 1947.

One outbreak was confirmed and notices imposing restrictions on movements of poultry exposed to infestation were served.

Foot and Mouth Disease Order, 1938.

10 licences were issued affecting the movement of 16 cattle, 77 sheep and 12 pigs as a result of a confirmed outbreak in the area.

RAG FLOCKS ACT, 1911 to 1928.

FABRICS (MISDESCRIPTION) ACT, 1913.

No action found necessary.

SHOPS ACT, 1934.

No action necessary.

F.—CLEANSING

Refuse Collection and Disposal.

The following table gives the classified loads from each District during the year.

District.	House Refuse		Trade Refuse	Night Soil No. of Pails	Abat-toir Refuse	Mis-cella-neous
	Team	Motor	Motor			
Keighley Old Borough	516	4567	287	6033	126	941
Riddlesden and Morton	—	535	52	693	—	—
Oxenhope	643	5	—	6510	—	3
Haworth	—	529	52	1289	—	—
Newsholme	—	9	—	1811	—	—
Oakworth—Contract	300	—	—	—	—	—
Oakworth	—	183	—	1303	—	—
Stanbury	—	56	—	6713	—	—
Totals	1459	5884	391	24352	126	944

The Cleansing Department is responsible only for the collection and disposal of Household Refuse and Salvage, Street and Gully Cleansing, Snow Removal and Street Gritting being under the supervision of the Borough Engineer.

Three new Refuse wagons were purchased during the year, replacing old worn-out vehicles.

The work has been carried out in a satisfactory manner. During the period of the heavy fall of snow in the early months of the year the Department experienced great difficulty in carrying out the regular collection of refuse, causing many complaints to be received. Since the new refuse vehicles have been in service the collection of refuse and salvage has been more regular by reason of not having to undertake repairs as experienced in the war years.

The disposal of refuse is on the controlled system of Tipping. At times the Oakworth Cemetery Tip has not been kept in a satisfactory state, the cause of which being that now, when almost all the refuse from Oakworth is brought to the Marley Tip, supervision cannot be maintained, and a few local farmers, along with other Corporation Departments, are Tipping anywhere, entailing unnecessary labour to be used to put the tip in order.

There are four tips throughout the district—Marley 1 (Main Tip); Oakworth 2 (Bogthorn and Cemetery); Oxenhope 1.

The whole of the work is now carried out by direct labour. The Oakworth contract was terminated in June and the refuse and salvage from this district is now collected every fortnight.

Salvage.

The following table gives the figures for the year under review in the salvage section.

	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	£	s.	d.
Scrap Iron	14	6	2	15	18	2
Baled Scrap	37	14	1	56	11	5
Waste Paper	291	5	3	1884	19	11
Waste Food	406	17	1	730	8	4
Non-Ferrous Metals		17	2	23	8	7
Textiles	2	15	1	25	13	1
Bottles and Jars		19	3	12	15	0
Bones		19	0	5	9	2
<hr/>						
Total	755	15	1	£2755	3	8
<hr/>						

Approximately 121 tons of Salvage has been sold by other Departments, which realised £198, bringing the total salvage to £2,953.

During the year the Board of Trade (Directorate of Salvage and Recovery) have paid an allowance of £55 16s. 0d. on Waste Paper collected and £211 8s. 6d. on Kitchen Waste collected.

KITCHEN WASTE.

432 Bins are placed throughout the Borough, and on reference to the foregoing Salvage figures it can be said that Householders are making very good use of them.

Thanks are due to the staff for the energetic way in which they have carried out their duties.

TOTALS AT MARCH 31st, 1948.

Gross Expenditure—£22,218 19s. 2d.

Gross Income—£8,571 2s. 5d.

Net Expenditure—£13,647 16s. 9d.

Net cost per 1,000 population—£245 18s. 2d.

Net cost per head of population per annum—4s. 10d.

Net cost per head of population per week—1d.

Amount paid in Salaries and Wages (including Superannuation and Insurance)—£12,823 5s. 8d.

Average number of Workmen per week (excluding Contracts)—43.

Total number of Motor Vehicles—14.

Total number of Horses kept (excluding Contracts)—2.

Number of Contracts (Oakworth)—1 (terminated 30/6/47).

Loads of Material dealt with (all kinds)—9,441.

Number of Nightsoil Tubs emptied—26,242.

Average number of loads collected per day (300 days)—31½.

Weight of refuse collected (estimated 25 cwt. per load)—

11,801 tons.

Weight of refuse collected per day (300 days)—39½ tons.

Weight of refuse per 1,000 of population per year—212½ tons.

Weight of refuse per head of Population per year—4¼ cwt.

Total number of loads tipped:—

House Refuse (Motors)	....	....	....	....	6,836
House Refuse (Team)		....	....	....	538
House Refuse (Team), Oakworth Tip	....		....	....	206
House Refuse (Team), Oxenhope Tip	....		....	....	727
Private Firms	....	....	....	....	3,534
Cash Tipping	....	....	....	....	522
					<hr/>
					12,363
					<hr/>

Gross Expenditure includes 3 new Ford Refuse Vehicles.

